

Partly cloudy tonight; to-morrow fair and colder.

# The Washington Times

—GET THE BEST—  
THE SUNDAY TIMES

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WASHINGTON, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 21, 1905.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## HOUSE COMMITTEE PRUNES DISTRICT BILL RUTHLESSLY

As Reported It Carries \$3,023,518 Less Than Commissioners' Estimates, and Is \$764,856 Below Expected Revenues.

### GENERAL SLASHING OF LARGE EXTRAORDINARY IMPROVEMENTS

Per Diem System Abolished, and Salaries on Lower Scale—Few Liberal Provisions. Municipal Building Hit Hard.

#### WHAT COMMISSIONERS GET FROM CONGRESS.

Total appropriation, \$9,394,938, which is \$3,023,518.65 less than what was asked.  
For keeping the Public Library open on Sundays and legal holidays, \$1,700.  
For the public night schools, \$10,000, an increase of \$2,000.  
For the sewage-disposal system pumping station, \$97,000.  
Per diem men put on the annual salary roll, with less pay for most of them.  
Limit of cost of the new Anacostia Bridge increased from \$250,000 to \$375,000.  
For playgrounds at the public schools, \$1,500.  
For official postage, \$7,000, an increase of \$2,000.

#### ITEMS ENTIRELY STRICKEN OUT.

Insurance on buildings.  
Property yard and buildings.  
Wharf, First Street and Georgia Avenue.  
Surveyor's office rent.  
Stable for morgue.  
Testing materials for fireproof buildings.  
Book typewriters for Recorder of Deeds.  
Surveying burial ground for indigent dead.  
Photographic copies of Streets of Washington subdivisions.  
Paving roads under permit system.  
Improving Bunker Hill Road crossing.  
Plats of subdivisions outside of Washington.  
Care of bridges.  
Sixteenth Street bridge across Piney Branch.  
Arizona Avenue sewer.  
Labor, fuel, etc., for sewage pumping station.  
Surveys for harbor front.  
Bathing Beach improvements.  
Public comfort stations and their care.  
Public playgrounds.  
Investigation of metallic construction conditions.  
Extending fire-alarm system.  
Replacing magneto-telephone switchboards.  
Storehouse at Great Falls for Washington aqueduct.  
Surveys for additional conduit from Great Falls.  
Filtration plant.  
Evening lectures in schools.  
Vacation schools.  
High-pressure fire-service system.  
Additional pound wagon.  
Site for pound.  
Erection of pound.  
Stable for smallpox hospital.  
Additions to Reform School.  
Municipal Hospital.  
Repairs and additions to Columbia Hospital.  
Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital.  
Eastern Dispensary.  
The Women's Clinic.  
Washington Home for Incurables.

Representative McCleary reported to the House this afternoon the District appropriations bill.

It appropriates for the District expenses during the fiscal year 1906, \$9,394,938, which is \$3,023,518.65 less than the amount asked for by the District Commissioners, in their estimates, transmitted last October, to the Secretary of the Treasury, and later sent by him to the House Committee on Appropriations with the recommendation that they be reduced by about one and a half millions of dollars.

#### How Knife Was Applied.

In the general knitting to which the Commissioners' estimates were subjected by the committee, the salaries of no District officials were increased; the request for a total of \$760,860 for the government's contingent and miscellaneous expenses was met by the grant of \$399,240; the \$8,000 appropriation asked for the maintenance and equipment of public playgrounds was slashed; only \$23,600 was given to the Washington Aqueduct, while \$144,000 was desired for it; the \$2,114,500 requested for the public schools was cut to \$1,715,534; the \$750,000 for a high-pressure fire-service system was denied; and the \$266,015 estimated for the Police Department was cut to \$228,175.

The complete control of the Reform School for Boys is given to the Department of Justice and similar control of Freedman's Hospital is turned over to the Department of the Interior.

#### Hospitals Cut Down.

The bill omits the specific appropriations of \$15,000 and \$2,000 for the Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital and the Eastern Dispensary, respectively, and proposes instead an appropriation of \$15,000 to enable the Board of Charities to provide for emergency care and treatment of, and for dispensary service to, indigent patients, under contracts or agreements with hospitals and dispensaries, no part of said sum, however, to be used to establish or maintain any

hospital or dispensary not now existing in the District of Columbia.

The proposed change unifies the whole system of medical charities in the District in that it brings them all under the same system.

All per diem employees under the local government are put on annual salaries, the change resulting, in almost every instance, in a reduction of pay to the employees concerned.

#### For Opening Library.

Among the few items allowed is an appropriation of \$1,700 for keeping the Washington Public Library open on holidays and Sundays.

Also, for the night schools of the District \$10,000 is appropriated, while only \$5,000 is allowed for the present year. Acting on the strong recommendation of the Board of Education the committee has set aside \$1,500 for equipping certain public school playgrounds, to be used by the children of the respective communities during vacation time. In lieu of the appropriations heretofore made of \$1,200 for a harbormaster and \$2,500 for improvement and protection of the harbor and river front, the bill proposes an appropriation of \$6,180 for expenses of the harbor patrol, including an additional lieutenant of police to be harbormaster, and an additional sergeant of police, together with four employees required to operate the harbor police boat.

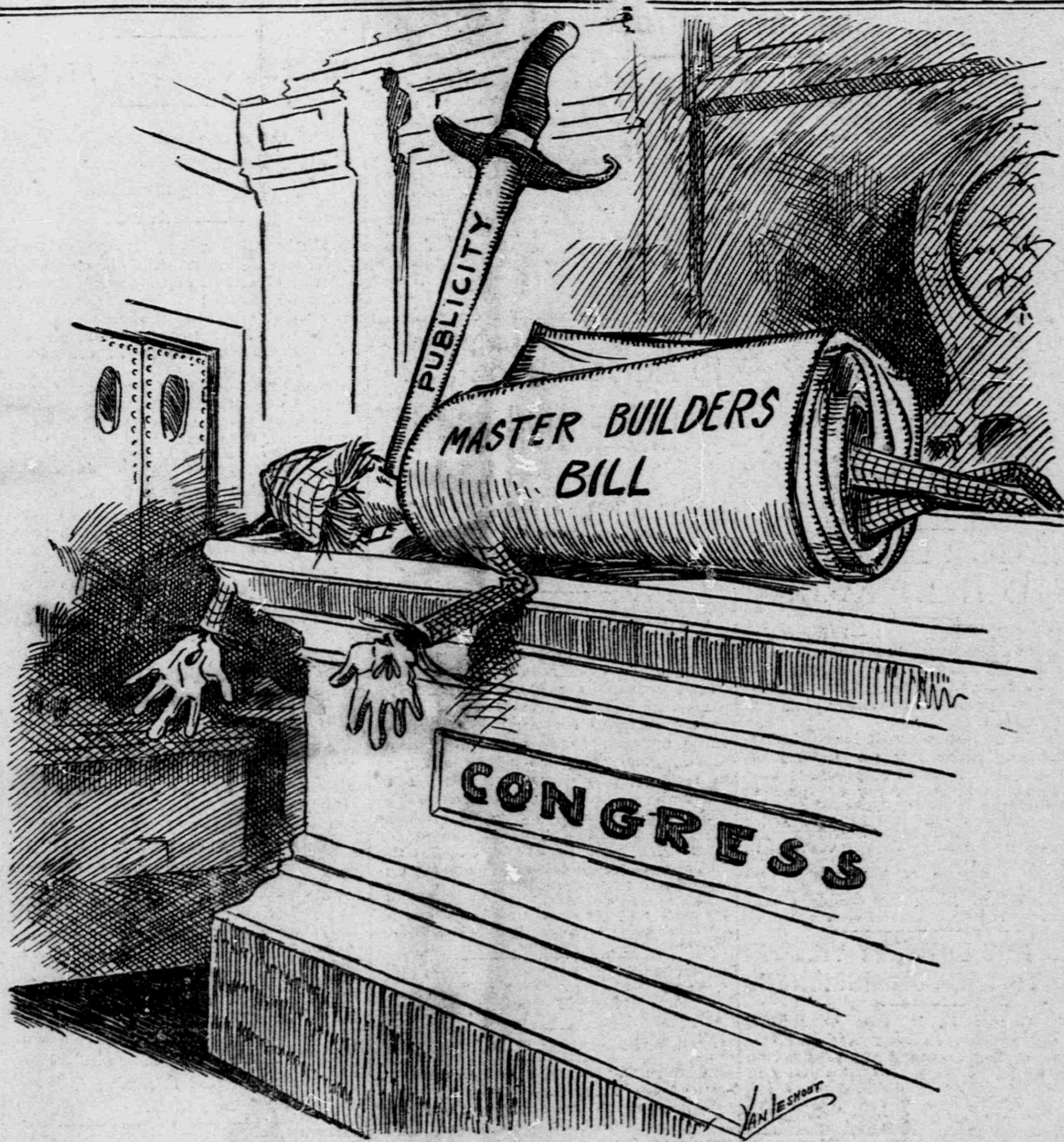
#### For Sewer Extension.

Comparative liberal provision is made for the sewer extension system in the northwest part of the city, and \$97,000 is allowed for the sewage-disposal pumping station.

The amount of expenditure allowed for the contract work on the new Municipal Building is, however, hard hit. The Commissioners asked for \$600,000 to be used during the fiscal year 1906, and the committee allowed only \$200,000, in the matter of appropriations for

(Continued on Third Page.)

Try Pilo's Cure for asthma. It often relieves at once. 25 cents.—Adv.



WHERE IT GOT IT

## PRESIDENT CHATS WITH MR. BRYAN

Exchange of Pleasant Greetings Between Them.

### NEBRASKAN FAVORS REBATE

Thinks Important Public Questions Should Be Decided Independent of Political Bearings.

William Jennings Bryan called on President Roosevelt this morning to pay his respects and incidentally told him that he endorsed his position on several questions of legislation now pending.

The meeting of the twice-defeated candidate of the Democratic party and the President was interesting. Mr. Bryan had an engagement with Senator Jones of Arkansas, former chairman of the Democratic national committee, to see the President with him.

Mr. Bryan arrived at the White House before Senator Jones, who came later, and joined him in the Cabinet room, where the President was talking to a large number of visitors, Saturday being reception day.

#### Cordial to Bryan.

Mr. Bryan was cordially received by both Republicans and Democrats who happened at the White House. In fact, he received what might be termed an ovation.

The first Senator Mr. Bryan met at the doorstep of the Executive Offices was Senator Cullum. Their greeting was hearty. Both Mr. Bryan and Senator Cullum were reared in the same neighborhood and have for a long time been personal friends.

"You are looking well, Mr. Bryan," said Senator Cullum.

"Yes," replied Mr. Bryan, "I am in excellent good health, but I am growing a little stout."

"Yes," said Senator Cullum, "you are growing larger in more ways than one. I am hoping for you, and in time I trust you will get around to the right side. Then you will be all right."

Among the Senators who greeted Mr. Bryan were Senators Proctor, Stewart, and Clapp. A large number of Representatives

(Continued on Second Page.)

### THE WEATHER REPORT.

The depression that was over eastern Nebraska Friday morning has moved to the southern portion of the lake region without increased development. It has caused general though light snows in the lake region and upper Mississippi valley, and there were also light snows in the Northwest.

Temperatures have fallen considerably in New England and in scattered places in the West and Northwest. They have risen over the greater portion of the country and do not differ much from the seasonal average.

There is another storm on the north Pacific coast, and rains have been general in California.

There will be snow tonight and Sunday in the lower lake region, and rain or snow this afternoon or tonight in the West and Northwest. They have risen over the greater portion of the country and do not differ much from the seasonal average.

It will be colder in the Ohio valley and lower lake region, and colder Sunday in the middle Atlantic States.

Sun sets today.....5:07  
Sun rises tomorrow.....7:15

#### TIDE TABLE.

Low tide today.....2:24 p. m.  
High tide today.....3:21 p. m.  
Low tide tomorrow.....3:04 a. m., 3:14 p. m.  
High tide tomorrow.....5:50 a. m., 5:10 p. m.

## CONGRESS RECEIVES STATUE OF INGALLS

Ceremonies in Senate and House—Senator Long Speaks for Kansas in Eulogy of Dead Statesman, Poet, and Author.

### "OPPORTUNITY"

Master of human destinies am I!  
Fame, love, and fortune on my footsteps wait.  
Cities and fields I walk; I penetrate  
Deserts and seas remote, and passing by  
Hovel and mart and palace, soon or late  
I knock unbidden once at every gate!  
If sleeping wake; if feasting, rise before  
I turn away. It is the hour of fate,  
And they who follow me reach every state  
Mortals desire, and conquer every foe  
Save death; but those who doubt or hesitate,  
Condemned to failure, penury, and woe,  
Seek me in vain and uselessly implore.  
I answer not, and I return no more!

JOHN J. INGALLS.

Services in connection with the reception by Congress from the State of Kansas of the statue of John James Ingalls, late a Senator from that State, were held in the Senate at 12:30 o'clock and began in the House at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mrs. Ingalls, with her three daughters and a son, was here to take part in the ceremonies. Of the Senators who were members of that body at the same time with Mr. Ingalls, there are only eighteen now left. Senator Long, representing the State from which Mr. Ingalls came, was the first speaker, and offered appropriate resolutions.

The party of relatives and near friends consisted of Mrs. Ingalls; her son, Stephen Ingalls; her son-in-law, Robert Porter Spick of Philadelphia, whose wife, May Ingalls, died several years ago; Mrs. E. G. Blair, of Kansas City; W. B. Nelson, editor of the "Kansas City Star"; Mrs. Nelson and Miss Nelson; Thomas Ryan, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; Joseph L. Bristow, and Mrs. Bristow, George F. Beck, Mrs. Chester L. Long, wife of Senator Long; Mrs. Greer, widow of the former Senator from Iowa, and who is entertaining Mrs. Ingalls, and the wives of Kansas members of the House.

#### Program in the House.

In the House Representative Reader of Kansas occupied the Speaker's chair during the proceedings and the order of exercises provided for addresses by Representatives Curtis, Kansas; Clark, Missouri; Gibson, Tennessee; Bowersock, Kansas; Wiley, Alabama; Hamilton, Michigan; and Scott, Campbell, Miller, Calderhead and Murdock, of the Kansas delegation, which is already in position in the hall, is of marble and is a striking likeness. It represents the late Senator standing erect with his long frock coat buttoned closely, his still longer overcoat open, his right hand holding gloves and thrust partly within his coat, while the left hand, extended slightly behind him, fingers the leaves of a book resting on a stand.

#### Long Eulogizes Ingalls.

Senator Long, in his speech to the Senate, spoke of the eighteen years of service that Ingalls had passed in that body, from 1873 to 1891; of his high appreciation of the great dignity of the office; and of his disappointment when the vicissitudes of Kansas politics brought his term to a close.

"It was what he did here," said Senator Long, "which fixed his place in history."

## CZAR MAY CONCEDE STRIKERS' DEMANDS TO HALT REVOLT

Workingmen Select Bodyguard of 400 to Protect Nicholas If He Will Confer With Them About Troubles.

ALL SWORN TO GIVE UP LIFE  
TO GUARANTEE HIS SAFETY

Crisis Comes Tomorrow, When Petition Will Be Presented—The Socialists Urge Revolution.

### SOCIALISTS URGE REVOLT

The police of St. Petersburg are carrying out the prefect's proclamation prohibiting the holdings of mass meetings, and have put their ban on all gatherings arranged by the strikers for today at the People's Palace and Vassili Ostruf.

Violent socialist proclamations are being circulated today, calling for a general uprising. As no plans are proposed the proclamations are having absolutely no effect on the strikers.

A regiment of Uhlans were today drafted into the Winter Palace for the further protection of the Czar. Several guns are being prepared for mounting in the palace courtyards.

Hundreds of students are today joining the ranks of the strikers. At a number of meetings yesterday evening these students, in company with a large number of the strikers, raised the cry of "We want no more war. What is Manchuria to us?"

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 21—2 P. M.—The opinion is rapidly growing that the government will be compelled to concede the demands of the strikers.

The strikers have notified the government that they have selected a corps of 400 picked men, who will act as a bodyguard to the Czar in the event of his agreeing to confer with their leaders.

The members of this bodyguard have sworn to sacrifice their lives for the Czar in fulfilling this guarantee of his safety. Should he consent to a conference they will surround him completely and prevent any of a nihilistic frame of mind getting anywhere near his majesty's person.

## Demonstration Spreads; Strikers Are Yet Calm

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 21—(10 a. m.)—The strike movement continues to spread in all directions, and it is estimated that fully 500,000 workmen have now quit work in St. Petersburg and the various towns.

Delegates from the workmen of Moscow and Libau arrived in St. Petersburg this morning on the mission of securing the co-operation of Father Gapon in calling out the employees of those towns.

#### Strikers Are Calm.

The strikers assembled in the streets early this morning and continue to show a complete lack of truculence. They are marching about quietly, delegations visiting the various factories, persuading the employees to cease work.

Secret police have been assigned to follow the strikers and keep the authorities in touch with everything that is going on. Thus far these officers have shown no inclination to interfere in any way with the peaceful propaganda which the strikers are carrying out.

#### May Be Forced Into Service.

Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the attitude of the railway and telegraph employees, whose adhesion to the strike would disorganize the whole country. It is understood if they join the strike, the government would call them to join the colors, as reservists, and then order them to return to work under army regulations. If they refuse to comply with this demand they will be treated as deserters from the army.

None of the printers who were yesterday persuaded to quit work, have returned to their posts, and as a result St. Petersburg is today without a newspaper.

#### Rumors of Conflict.

All kinds of rumors were current this afternoon, but most of them have proven unfounded. One report had it that rioting had occurred at the Puti-lyoff Iron Works, and that the manager had been assassinated. Another had it that the Warsaw and Baltic railways had been stopped owing to the defection of the employees. Both reports are denied.

The committee of the strikers' union have issued instructions that everything be done quietly as possible, and that no violence be offered the police.

Traffic in the streets has hardly been interfered with by the strikers, but the public is growing nervous and excited, fearing that this quiet propaganda cannot last.

#### Guarding Gapon.

The strikers have received a report that the government intends to arrest Father Gapon, their leader. A body-guard of forty stalwart men has been appointed to accompany the priest everywhere and protect him from official interference.

A deputation of three strikers went to Tsarskoye yesterday evening in an endeavor to deliver the workmen's petition to the Czar, so his majesty might have a full day to consider it before the demonstration on Sunday. It has not transpired whether the deputation saw the Czar. The report of their visit will be kept secret until it is presented to the meeting of the strikers, planned for this afternoon.

Socialists are urging a general uprising. Students have joined in the demonstration. The police prevent meetings of strikers in conformity with the proclamation of the prefect of police.

#### Socialist Manifestos.

The manifestos issued by the socialists read:  
"We have suffered enough.  
"Comrades, let us join the St. Petersburg workmen who have resolved as one man, to stand firmly for their just rights."  
"We want elective legislative assemblies."  
"Down with autocracy."  
"Down with the war."

## Crisis Comes Tomorrow In Riot Demonstration

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 21.—Government officials profess no alarm regarding tomorrow's proposed demonstration before the winter palace. Despite these professions of security, it can be said with authority that everywhere the occurrence is awaited with abated breath.

There is not the slightest question that the demonstration may prove the end of the industrial crisis, or equally as readily the beginning of a revolution which will shake Russia to her foundations.

Should the demands of the strikers, or their petition, which they purpose hand-